## I MINA'TRENTAI SIETTE NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2024 (SECOND) Regular Session **VOTING RECORD**

<b>Bill No. 243-37 (COR)</b> As amended by the Committee on Health, Land, Justice, and Culture; and further amended on the Floor.	Speaker Antonio R. Unpingco Legislative Session Hall Guam Congress Building July 10, 2024					
NAME	Aye	Nay	Not Voting/ Abstained	Out During Roll Call	Absent	Excused
Senator Chris Barnett	1					
Senator Frank Blas, Jr.	1					
Senator Joanne Brown	1					
Senator Christopher M. Dueñas	1					
Senator Thomas J. Fisher	1					
Senator Jesse A. Lujan	1					
Vice Speaker Tina Rose Muña Barnes	1					
Senator William A. Parkinson	1					
Senator Sabina Flores Perez					1	1
Senator Roy A. B. Quinata	1					
Senator Joe S. San Agustin	1					
Senator Dwayne T. D. San Nicolas	J					
Senator Amanda L. Shelton	1					
Senator Telo T. Taitague	J					
Speaker Therese M. Terlaje	J					
TOTAL	14	0	ni al al anna an tha an		1	1
	Aye	Nay	Not Voting/ Abstained	Out During Roll Call	Absent	Excused
CERTIFIED TRUE AND CORRECT:		I = Pass				

JOAQUIX P. TAITAGUE Clerk of the Legislature

## *I MINA'TRENTAI SIETTE NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN* 2024 (SECOND) Regular Session

### Bill No. 243-37 (COR)

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Introduced by:

Dwayne T.D. San Nicolas William A. Parkinson Amanda L. Shelton Joe S. San Agustin Roy A. B. Quinata Tina Rose Muña Barnes Jesse A. Lujan Chris Barnett Frank Blas, Jr. Joanne M. Brown Christopher M. Dueñas Thomas J. Fisher Sabina Flores Perez Telo T. Taitague Therese M. Terlaje

#### AN ACT TO ADD A NEW § 11318 TO ARTICLE 3 OF CHAPTER 11, TITLE 7, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, REMOVING THE **STATUTE** RELATIVE TO OF LIMITATIONS FOR FINANCIAL AND PROPERTY EXPLOITATION OF AN ELDERLY PERSON OR INDIVIDUAL WITH DISABILITY.

## 1 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM.**

Section 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* finds
that the financial exploitation of our *manåmko'* (the elderly) is a heinous crime that

4 should not have a statute of limitations because the physical and mental constitution

1 of the elderly victims severely impacts and hampers their ability to pursue justice, and because the crime deprives the elderly victims of their living allowance and their 2 3 way of supporting themselves; akin to taking the livelihood of someone who is most 4 likely unable to make a living anymore. According to the National Council on Aging, 5 "Up to five million older Americans are abused every year, and the annual loss by 6 victims of financial abuse is estimated to be at least \$36.5 Billion Dollars." The 7 number of exploited elderly is astounding and justifies the creation of legislation to 8 combat this issue. The Council also states that, in about sixty percent (60%) of 9 elderly abuse incidents, the perpetrator is a family member, usually the spouses or 10 the children of the victim, a fact that makes this issue a heinous one because these 11 perpetrators are trusted and relied on by the victims. The Council further states that, 12 "Social isolation and mental impairment (such as dementia or Alzheimer's disease) 13 are two factors" that make the elderly vulnerable to abuse. The elderly with these 14 conditions are especially vulnerable to financial exploitation and abuse in general. 15 All of these findings by the National Council on Aging are astoundingly alarming, 16 something which our *manåmkos* need to be protected from by putting the law on their side. 17

18 I Liheslaturan Guåhan also finds that the burden of protecting our manåmkos 19 from financial exploitation and abuse lies on the backs of our island's legislators. 20 According to the article "Financial Abuse of the Elderly in Domestic Setting" by the 21 National Institutes of Health's National Center for Biotechnology Information (NCBI), "...elder abuse, like other domestic ills, has generally been considered a 22 state concern rather than a federal concern" and that, "the absence of federal law 23 pertaining to elder abuse has placed on the states the responsibility to define this 24 25 activity." As a government entity that serves the people, I Liheslaturan Guåhan 26 needs to enact legislation that would protect and help our *manåmkos* find justice in incidents of financial and elderly abuse. 27

1 Therefore, *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* intends to enact legislation that will remove 2 the statute of limitations in cases of elderly financial or property exploitation and 3 abuse. With this legislation in place, the elderly victims of financial or property 4 exploitation and abuse will be able to pursue justice without the added worry of a 5 deadline to file a lawsuit.

6 Section 2. A new § 11318 is hereby *added* to Article 3 of Chapter 11, Title
7 7, Guam Code Annotated, to read as follows:

# 8 "§ 11318. No Time Limit for Financial or Property Exploitation of an 9 Elderly Person or Individual with Disability.

10 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any civil claim or claims arising 11 from an incident of financial or property exploitation of an elderly person or 12 individual with a disability as defined under Chapter 32 of Title 9, Guam Code 13 Annotated, may be commenced against a person, a legal entity, abusers, their 14 enablers, their aiders or abettors, those acting in concert with them, and their 15 institutions, at any time."

16 Section 3. Severability. If any provision of this Act or its application to any 17 person or circumstance is found to be invalid or inorganic, such invalidity shall not 18 affect other provisions or applications of this Act that can be given effect without the 19 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are 20 severable.

21 Section 4. Effective Date. This Act shall be effective upon enactment.